

The Virtues and Limitations of Shareholder Democracy

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- I. Introduction
- II. Shareholder Democracy and Allocation of Powers
 - 1. Criteria for the Allocation of Powers Within the Corporation
 - a) Does a given task fit the role and function of the actor within the corporation?
 - b) Can the actor, given the way it functions, adequately perform the task?
 - c) Which actor is better suited to perform the task from a comparative perspective?



- II. Shareholder Democracy and Allocation of Powers
 - 2. What Role for the Shareholders and the Shareholders' Meeting?
 - a) Role and function of the shareholders
 - Lack of fiduciary duties of shareholders
 - Lack of expertise and information
 - b) Functioning of the shareholders' meeting
 - Rational apathy and collective action problem of shareholders
 - Process of taking decisions
 - c) Relative advantages and disadvantages of the shareholders and management, respectively



- II. Shareholder Democracy and Allocation of Powers
 - 3. What Role for Management?
 - a) Managing the company
 - b) Duty of care and loyalty



- III. The Legitimacy of Shareholder Decisions
 - 1. No Undue Influence
 - a) Management
 - b) Proxy Advising and Voting Services
 - 2. Decisions Taken by the Beneficial Owners
 - a) Not nominees and intermediaries
 - b) Not "empty voters" and "hidden owners"



- III. The Legitimacy of Shareholder Decisions
 - 3. Shareholder Participation
 - a) Voting right of intermediaries?
 - b) Charter provisions that create incentives to vote?
 - 4. Other Issues
 - a) "One share, one vote"
 - b) "Shareholder loyalty"
 - c) No obstacles to using shareholder rights
- IV. Concluding Remarks



Thank you for your attention.