

A Case Based Study on Duties and Liabilities of Board Members

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Presentation

- The underlying project: Siems & Cabrelli (eds), *Comparative Company Law: A Case Based Approach*, 2013: overview of core topics based on first and last chapters
- My case study: directors' duties in ten countries; practical and theoretical implications

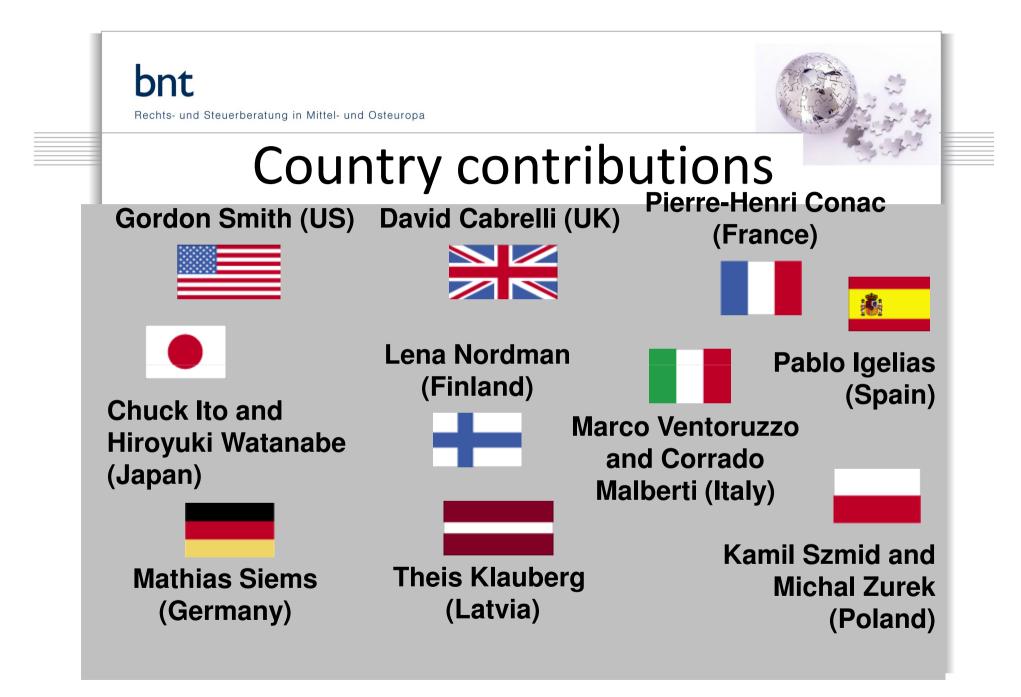
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Comparative Company Law A Case-Based Approach



General Editors Mathias Siems and David Cabrelli Available from January 2013 !





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Motivation for project

- Growing interest in comparative corporate governance; search for 'best' legal rules
- But in company law also need to consider how particular cases are solved
- Thus, aim to fill gap in literature; to address important questions of academic research in company law; also practical dimension

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Chapter 1: core topics

- Background questions in literature: do corporate governance systems converge? Are some legal origins better than others? Can legal transplants work?
- Book discusses these topics, based on three main corporate constituencies (directors, shareholders, creditors)
- Choice of countries; practicalities of project (eg, use of different types of companies)

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Chapter 12: core ideas

- Coding of two elements per case in terms of (a) legal rules, (b) sources of law, and (c) results enables quantitative compa-rative analysis (with relevant examples)
- All of this responds to major discussions in literature, eg, on similarities in terms of legal origins; claims about preferences for certain groups (shareholders etc.)



Data analysis – extract (1)

Table 1: Prevalence of sources of law (max 20, three highest values highlighted)

	FRA	GER	ITA	SPA	FIN	PÕL	LAT	UK	US	JP
Legislation	17	17	19	17	18	16	17	15	8	18
Case law	11	13	5	3	2	2	1	15	15	10
Academic	1	11	7	9	3	6	2	0	0	2
Self- regulation	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	4	0	0
Discretion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
None	0	0	1	0	1	3	3	0	2	1

Comments: legislation US outlier; case law: UK and US but also Germany; academic: civil law countries; self-regulation: UK, discretion: US; none: Eastern European countries

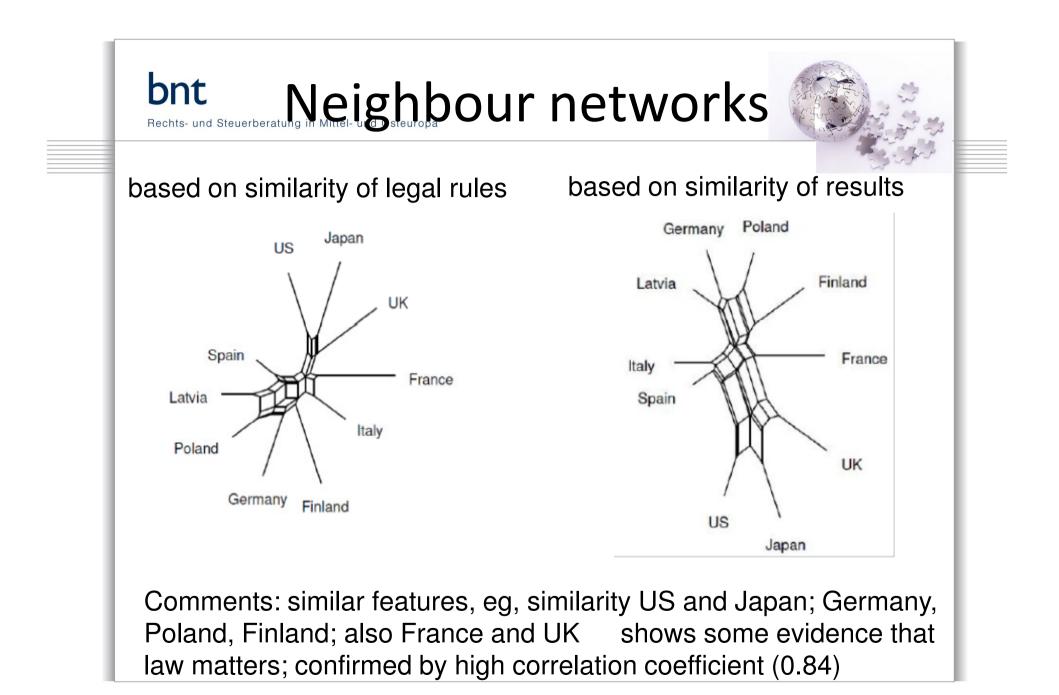


Data analysis – extract (2)

Table 3: Preference for interests of directors, shareholders and creditors (highest values highlighted)

	FRA	GER	ΙΤΑ	SPA	FIN	POL	LAT	UK	US	JP
Directors	6	5	6	6	4	3	6	6	9	4
Shareholders	4	4	5	3	6	4	3	5	3	4
Creditors	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	2
Majority shareholders	3	2	1	2	2	3	3	7	4	6
Minority shareholders	4	5	4	2	4	4	4	1	0	1
Unclear	1	2	3	5	3	4	2	0	3	3

Comments: director primacy in US; shareholder protection in UK, Italy and Finland; creditors: possible legal origin effect; minority shareholder protection: possible role of ownership structures



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Chapter 12: conclusions

- Data show 'American exceptionalism' in all three categories; some Europeanisation but UK occasionally outlier
- Legal origins play some role; but not absolute, eg in terms of sources of law
- Also no evidence that in common law countries better shareholder protection than in civil law ones

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directors' duties in ten countries; practical and theoretical implications

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B. France	
C. Germany	
D. Italy	
E. Spain	
F. Finland	
G. Poland	
H. UK	
I. US	
J. Japan	
III. Conclusion	



The case: A (Latvian) director of a company in distress -Shareholder A1 owns 95% / Shareholder A2 owns 5% -Management by Director B

-Remaining cash reserves for 3 weeks

-Decision 1: Sale of 25% of stock 50% below market price / no consent obtained

-Decision 2: Loan 150% above commercial bank rate / consent by majority shareholder

-But: Company eventually runs out of money

-Director requests a legal opinion on whether his conduct may have constituted a breach of his duties



For Latvia:

 Directors of a Latvian private limited liability company (sabiedrība ar ierobežotu atbildību SIA)
Duties of directors

- -Breach
- -Personal liability of directors



Conclusions for 10

- Similar: Due care, corresponding to a reasonable business man's judgement
- Establishing a business judgment rule
- Similar: Proof of damage and due care, onus?
- Different: Shareholder consent requirement

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